

# Women In Government 18<sup>th</sup> Annual State Director's Conference

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## Healthcare Delivery Innovations: Patient Care Coordination

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## New Strategies and Opportunities for Partnerships

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# Services Overview

- ◆ Provide analytical support services, project design, coordination and management for partnerships between plans, states, industry and DM/UM vendors for identifying gaps in treatment and inefficient and uncoordinated care
- ◆ Provided analytical, operational and policy consulting and program evaluation services to over 20 states for medical home models/pilots, utilization management programs, chronic disease coordination of care programs, HIT expansion, drug utilization review, and other areas

# Topics

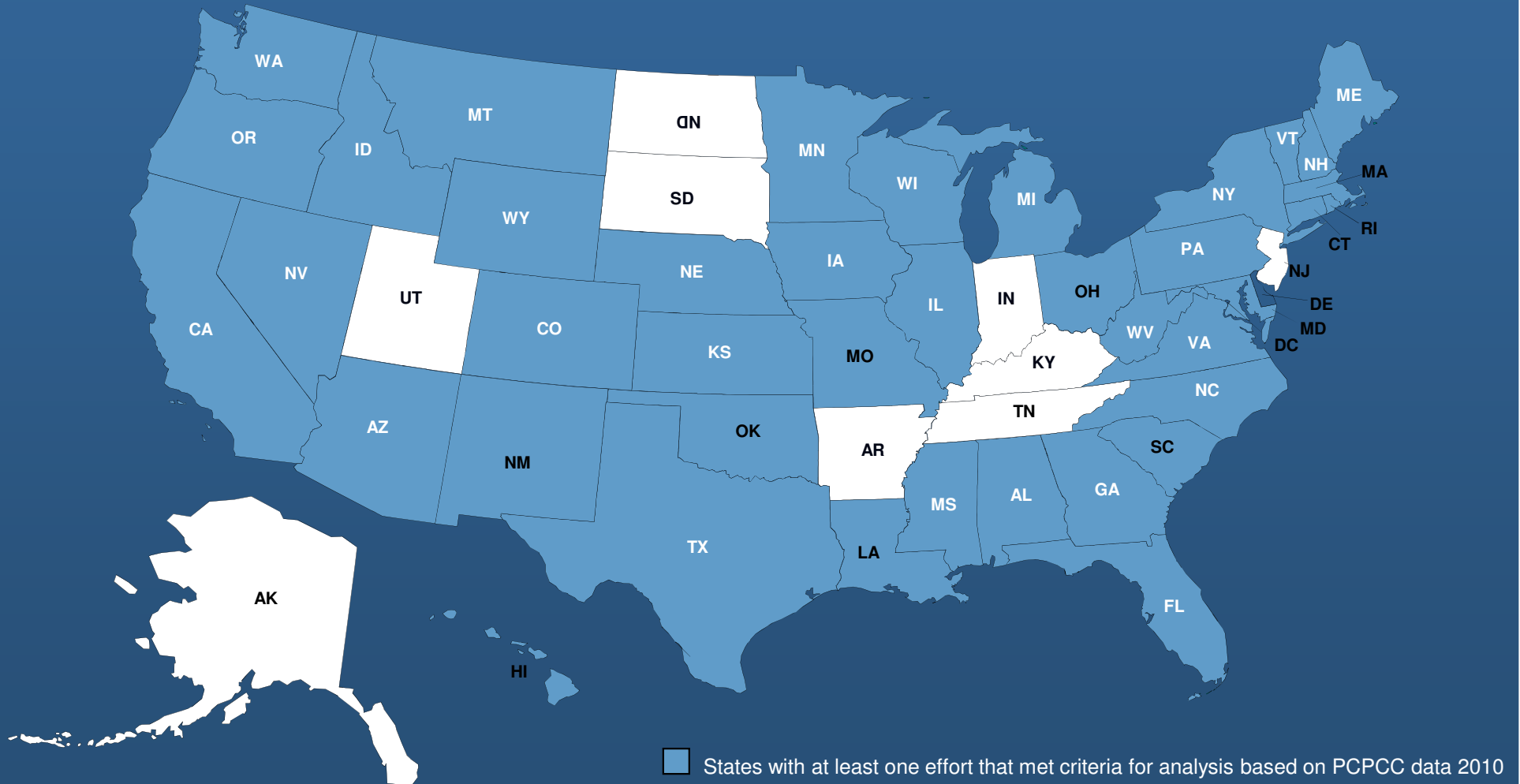
- ◆ Current State Activities
- ◆ Managing and Treating Chronic Disease
  - ◆ Use analytics to identify targeted patients with coordination of care and medication problems, develop intervention strategies and incentive programs with states/plans
- ◆ Partnership Opportunities
  - ◆ Identify uncoordinated care, improve and reward appropriate Rx use, implement best practices within various models, support state program initiatives and demos utilizing technical assistance and resources

# Current Environment

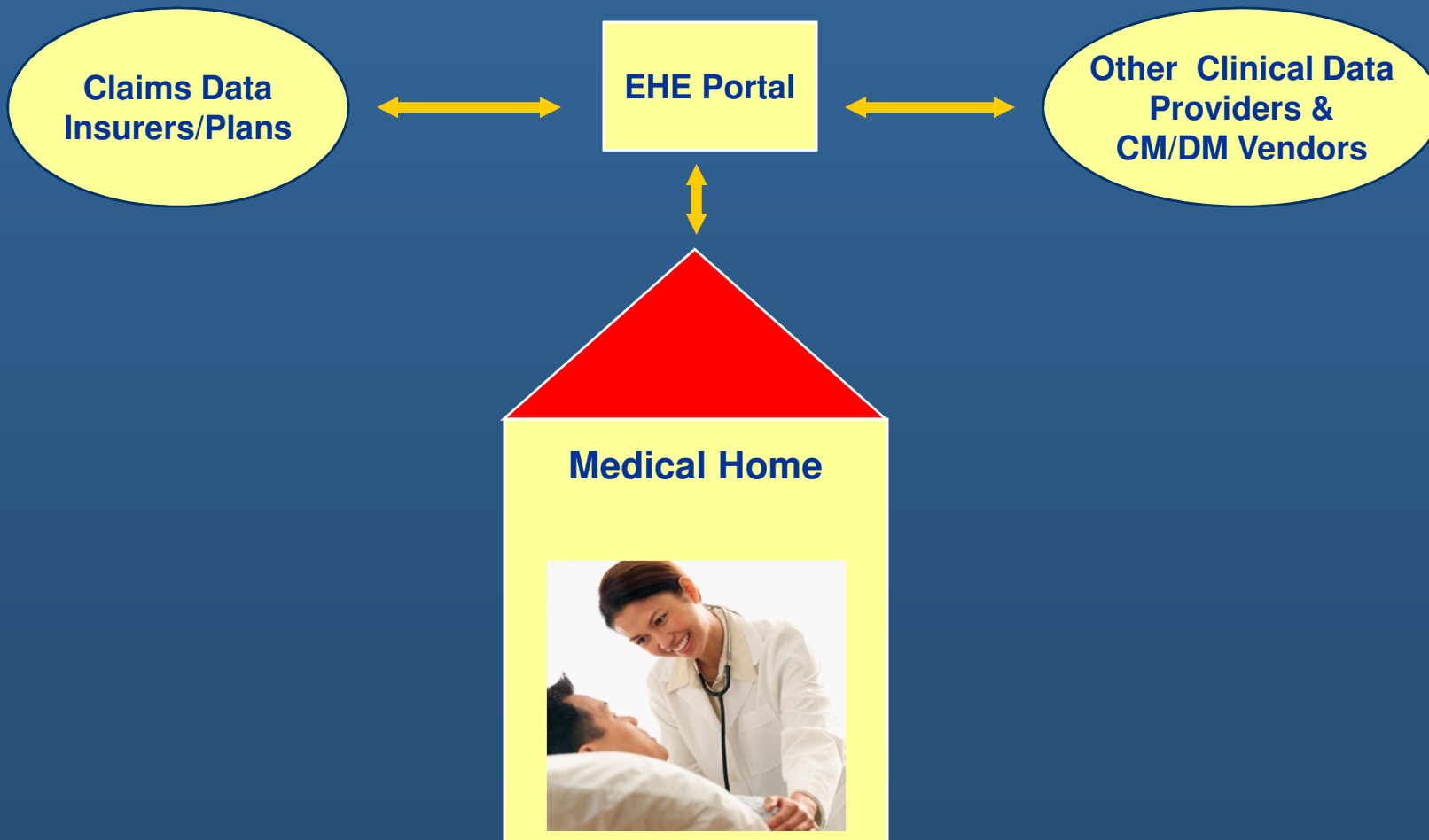
# Current State Activities

- ◆ Implementation of federal reform efforts – expansion of covered lives, health exchanges
- ◆ Expansion of Medicaid managed care and new provider delivery and payment rates/models
- ◆ Implementation of various demos/programs i.e. Medical Homes, Medicaid/Medicare duals integration, Accountable Care Organizations, Care Coordination, Health Information Exchanges, National Clinical Pharmacy Services Expansion (PSPC model)

# Partnerships in 40 States to Advance Medical Homes for Medicaid or CHIP Programs



# Medical/Health Home Information and Communication Model



# Accountable Care Organizations (ACO)



ACOs are defined as a group of providers that have the legal structure to receive and distribute incentive payments to participating providers.

Source: Premier Healthcare Alliance

# Coordination of Care State Demos

- ◆ 15 State Medicaid-Medicare Duals Care Integration Demos (Spring 2012 implementation)
- ◆ 23 other states have applied

<b>California</b>	<b>Colorado</b>	<b>Connecticut</b>
<b>Massachusetts</b>	<b>Michigan</b>	<b>Minnesota</b>
<b>New York</b>	<b>North Carolina</b>	<b>Oklahoma</b>
<b>Oregon</b>	<b>South Carolina</b>	<b>Tennessee</b>
<b>Vermont</b>	<b>Washington</b>	<b>Wisconsin</b>

# Provider Challenges

- ◆ Coverage expansion creates additional access barriers in a strained system
- ◆ Increasing patient loads per provider/facility
- ◆ Decreasing reimbursement rates
- ◆ Increasing requirements for improved quality, performance, and access
- ◆ Increasing administrative barriers for obtaining service authorizations, payments
- ◆ Access to clinical and utilization data

# Defining the Problems:

**Uncoordinated Care, Lack of  
Appropriate Medication Use, Unmet  
Treatment Goals for Chronic  
Conditions**

# Real State Data Examples in Chronic Disease Treatment

## ◆ Lack of Treatment

- ◆ 277,000 pts with no drug treatment and incurred \$247M in medical costs for year (cholesterol, hypertension, MH)

## ◆ Low Drug Adherence rates

- ◆ 40-65% for major drug classes (bronchodilators, inhaled steroids, diabetes, HTN, antipsychotics, antidepressants etc.)

## ◆ Clinical Goals Unmet

- ◆ 50-80% of patients are not at clinical goal for chronic conditions

# Cost of Non-Adherence

State Medicaid Example:

Use of antipsychotics for adults

- ◆ Only 15% adults adherence rate 90% or >
- ◆ Lower adherence pts (65% or less) had:
  - ◆ 96% more ER visits (74% more cost/visit)
  - ◆ 116% more hospital visits (\$1,160 more/visit)

# Adverse Drug Events

- ◆ Adverse drug events (ADEs) cost a health care system \$8700 per event.
- ◆ Approximately 30% of the chronic disease population needs clinical pharmacy services
- ◆ Comprehensive medication management (CMM) can avoid 5.4 million ADEs per year and save \$47B
- ◆ Average ROI is 12:1

# What are the solutions?

- ◆ **Conduct baseline and periodic analysis of claims data to identify the right subset of patients to target that have high risk and uncoordinated care**
- ◆ **Comprehensive medication management by clinical pharmacists that achieve appropriate use and adherence to medications**
- ◆ **Coordinate care across all settings and transitions in care using integrated HIT systems and models of care (PCMH)**
- ◆ **Payment models that create incentives for savings and better outcomes**
- ◆ **Partnerships with common goals**

# Strategies for Partnering

**Identify Uncoordinated Care and  
Create Solutions to Improve Quality  
and Reduce Unnecessary Costs**

# Goals of Intelligent Claims Analysis Model

- ◆ Use clinically and statistically validated algorithms to identify subset of patients that exhibit utilization patterns consistent with uncoordinated and inappropriate care.
- ◆ Algorithms based on common indicators such as:
  - ◆ uncoordinated care from multiple prescribers/pharmacies,
  - ◆ accessing the ER for primary care,
  - ◆ avoidable ER and hospitalization visits,
  - ◆ duplicative medical and drug services from various providers
  - ◆ random drug changes within therapeutic classes by different prescribers, “drug switching”
  - ◆ inconsistent drug usage, treatment gaps and non-adherence
  - ◆ lack of appropriate treatments/services based on guidelines

# How Much Does it Cost Us?

## Costs:

- ◆ Identified in multiple states that the most extreme uncoordinated care pts make up 10% percent of adult population yet account for approx. 30% of medical costs, 45% of drug costs and 32% of total plan costs annually

## Savings:

- ◆ At least 35% of total (medical plus drug) costs for the uncoordinated care population represent potential savings
- ◆ Overall savings of at least 10% of total direct care annual costs if the most extreme uncoordinated care patients are better coordinated

# SEC Published Study: Institute of Medicine \*

## National Cost Savings Estimates Per Year for Period 2010-2018

- ◆ Public Programs (Medicaid and Medicare)
  - ◆ Avg. of **\$133.5 billion** per year
- ◆ Private Programs
  - ◆ Avg. of **\$106.6 billion** per year
- ◆ Total Public and Private
  - ◆ Avg. of **\$240.1 billion** per year

\* Web Link: [The Healthcare Imperative: Lowering Costs and Improving Outcomes.](#)  
**The Institute of Medicine. 2010. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.**  
Owens, MK. Chapter 3: Inefficiently Delivered Services, *Costs of Uncoordinated Care*,  
pgs 131-138. [http://books.nap.edu/openbook.php?record\\_id=12750&page=131](http://books.nap.edu/openbook.php?record_id=12750&page=131)

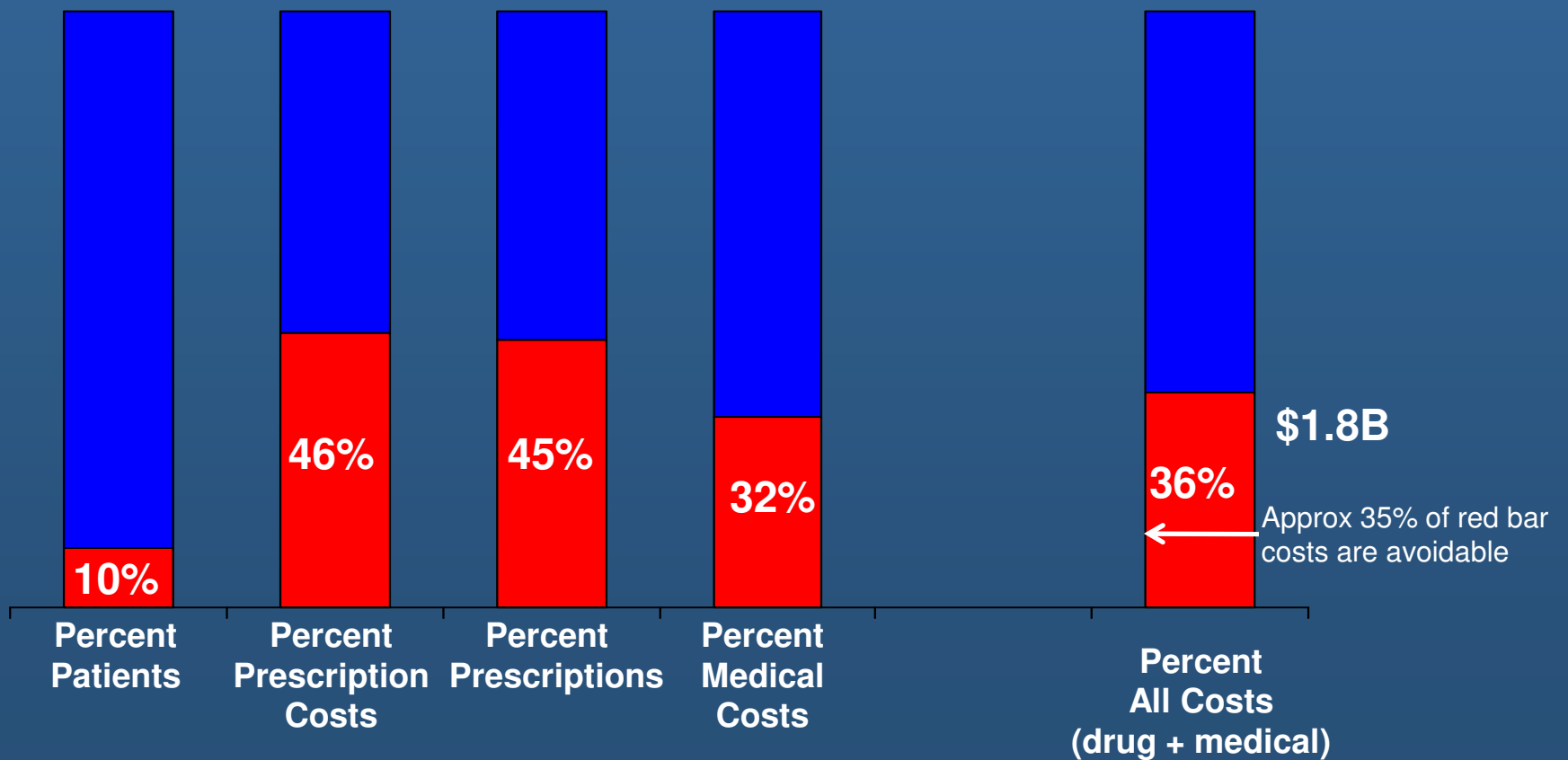
# Patient Example

## 21 YOF with Psychosis

- ◆ Received 12 atypical antipsychotic scripts for 4 different atypical antipsychotic drugs over 1 yr period with total cost of \$3,220
- ◆ Had 6 different prescribers and avg of 3 different prescribers per atypical drug with random drug switching among similar drug products
- ◆ Annual medical cost was \$39,000 (multiple in- pt visits for psychosis)
- ◆ Annual drug cost was \$5,000
- ◆ Actual total one-year cost of \$44,000
- ◆ Potential Savings: \$39,000

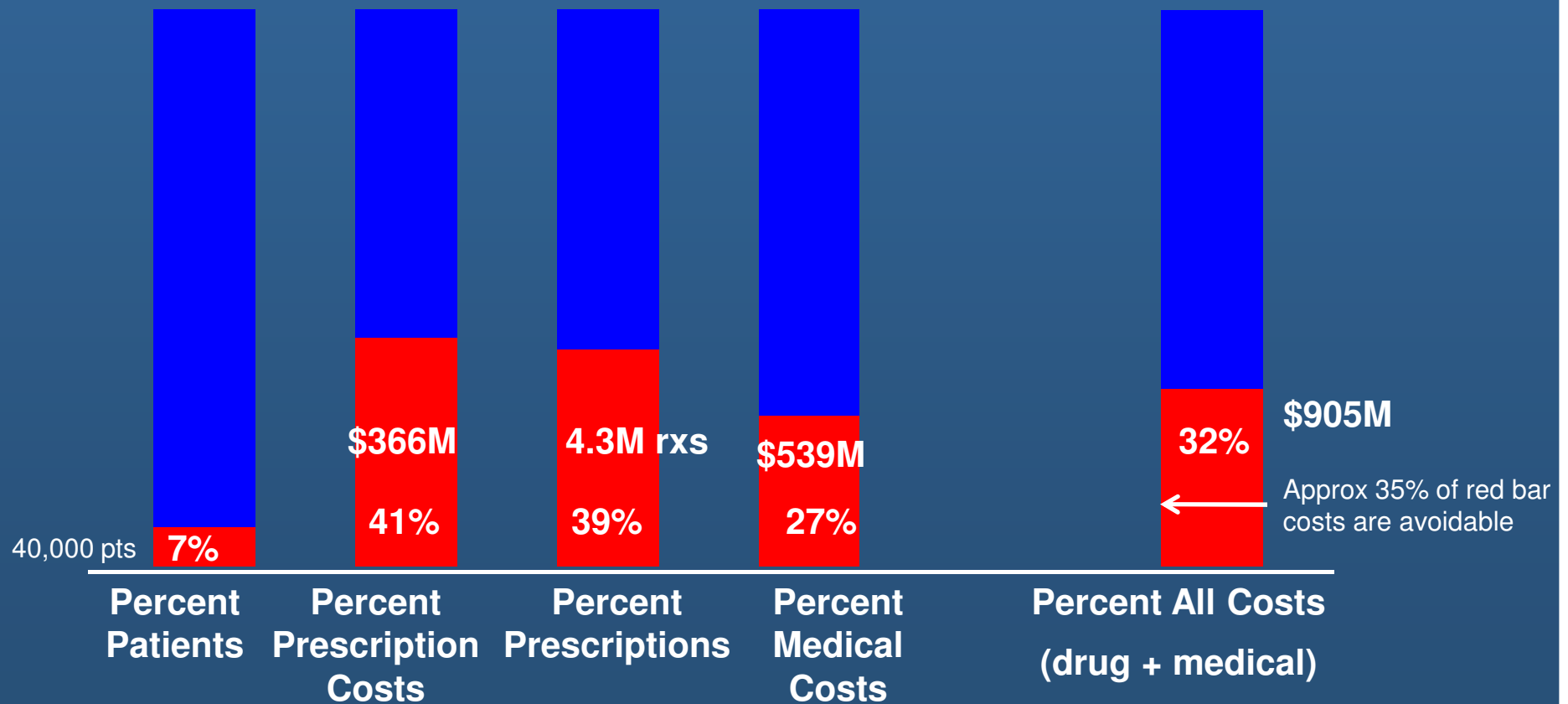
# State Example: Utilization and Cost Summary for Uncoordinated Care Medicaid Patients

 Uncoordinated Care Utilization and Cost Percentages



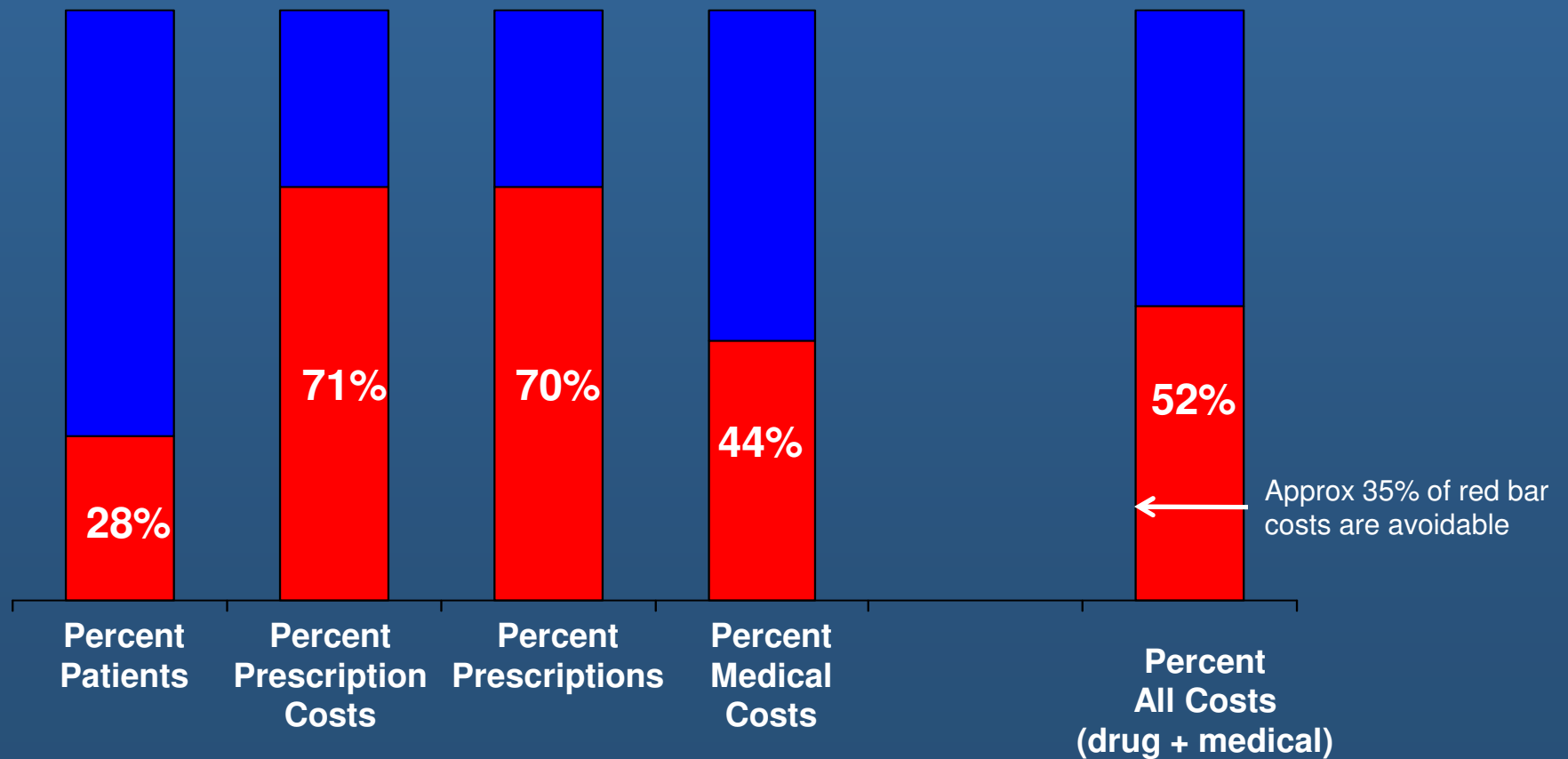
# State Example B: Utilization and Cost Summary for Uncoordinated Care Patients

## Uncoordinated Care Utilization and Cost Percentages



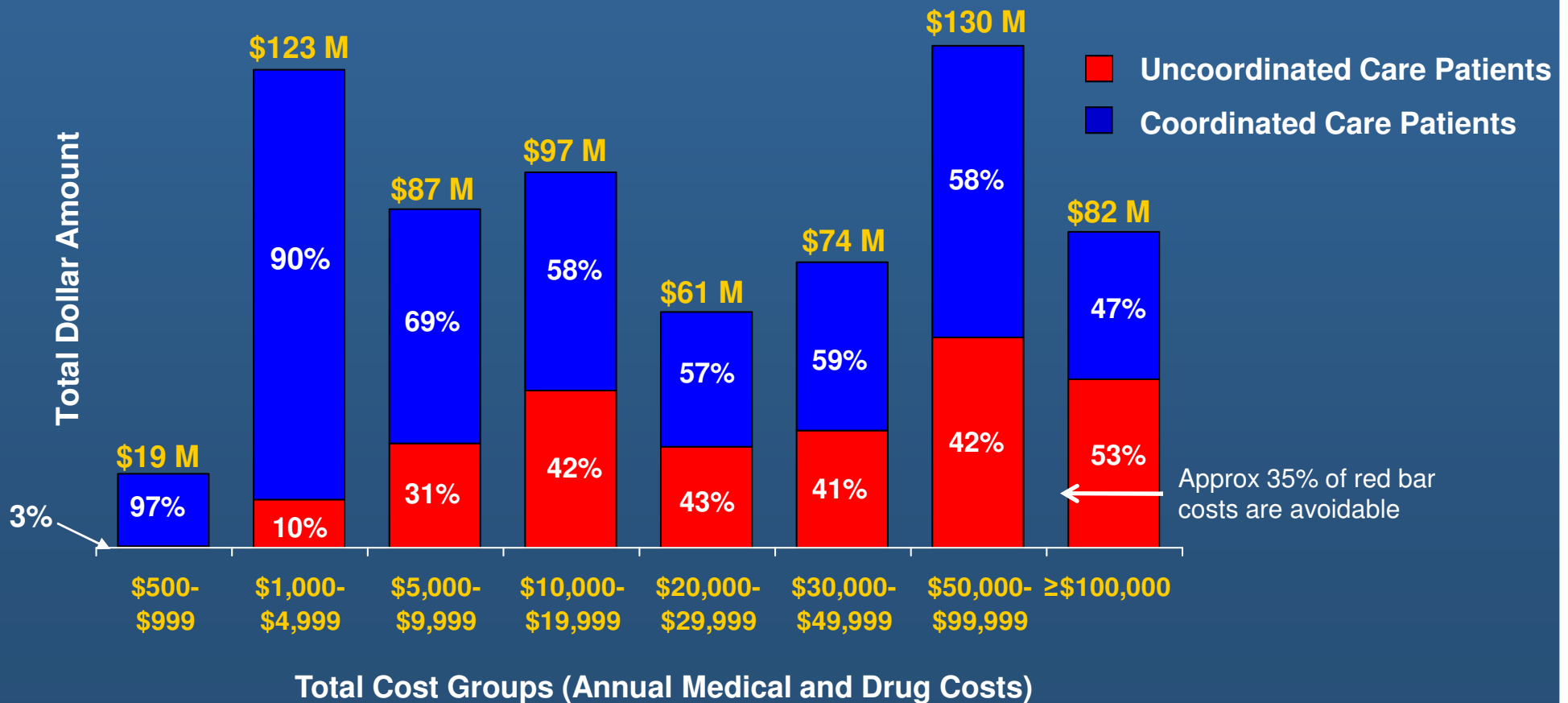
# State Example C: Pre-Medicare Part D (Ages 55-64 pop. group)

## Uncoordinated Care Utilization and Cost Percentages

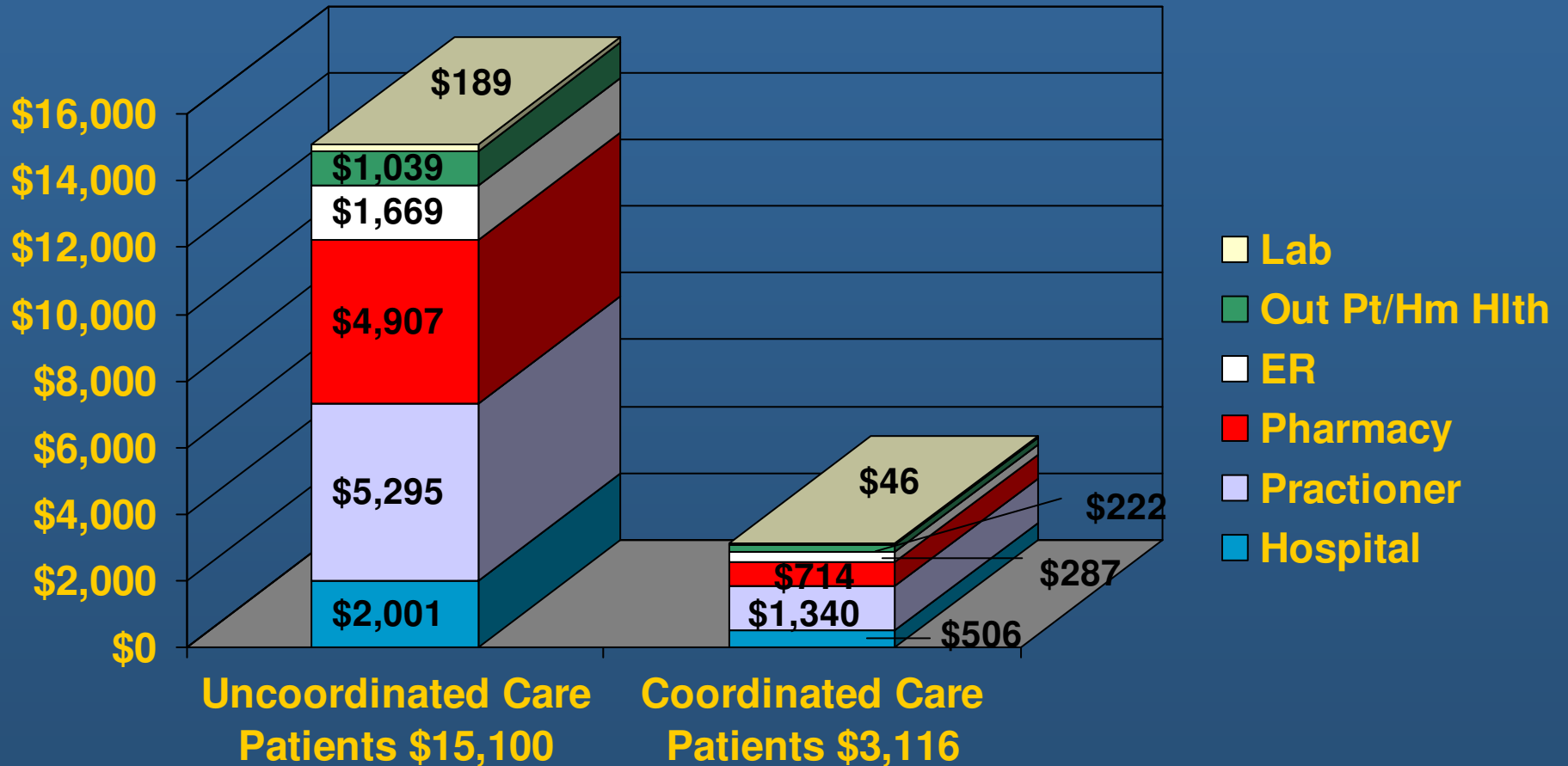


# State Example: Savings Across All Patient Cost Groups (Low to High)

Comparison of Uncoordinated Care vs. Coordinated Care Patients  
by Cost Groups (Percentage and Amount of Total Costs)



# State Example: Average Contribution of Cost Components for Uncoordinated Care vs. Coordinated Care Patients



# Analysis Utility

- ◆ Medicaid FFS and MCO plans
- ◆ Commercial MC and PPO plans
- ◆ State government employee plans
- ◆ Evaluation and Implementation of Medical Home, ACO, and other demos
- ◆ Care transition monitoring programs
- ◆ Utilization review, program integrity and QI
- ◆ Development/evaluation of care coordination measures for comparative analysis between plans and among providers
- ◆ Auditing of vendors system edits (PBM)
- ◆ MCO plan cap rate calculation adjustments

**Partnership Opportunities  
to Improve Appropriate  
Medication Use, Manage Chronic  
Disease, and Create Value  
for the Health Care System**

# Specific Partnership Goals

- ◆ **Facilitate resources that provide technical/analytical support to identify and manage uncoordinated care patients with avoidable costs**
- ◆ **Increase appropriate drug use/adherence and continuity of care**
- ◆ **Promote provider/patient based intervention programs and accountable models of care**
- ◆ **Demonstrate and measure the value of using services and medications appropriately**

# Public Policy Implications/Actions

- ◆ Focus efforts on state Medicaid and employee programs which can benefit from this model and achieve huge savings
- ◆ Facilitate partnerships between providers, plans, private sector and others to identify and implement “real” solutions
- ◆ Support legislation that holds providers/plans accountable for care coordination improvements, support innovative programs, and use of providers in new roles

# Moving Forward

- ◆ Let's stop throwing money at the problem, better understand the data, and become partners in creating value based solutions!



# Contact Information

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