



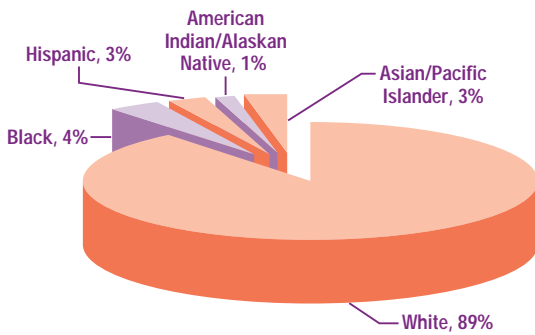
Minnesota

Grade: Good

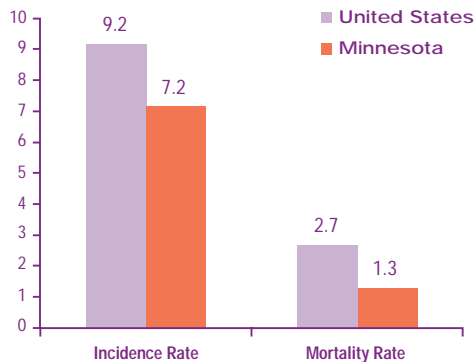
Demographics

Population: 5,059,375
 Percent of women aged 18-64: 31%
 Percent of women who are low-income: 21%

Distribution of Females in State, by Race



Incidence and Mortality



- The incidence rate of cervical cancer in Minnesota, 7.2/100,000, is lower than the national average of 9.2/100,000.
- The mortality rate of cervical cancer in Minnesota, 1.3/100,000, is lower than the national average of 2.7/100,000.

Incidence Rates by Race

- The incidence rates of cervical cancer by race are not available for Minnesota.

Mortality Rates by Race

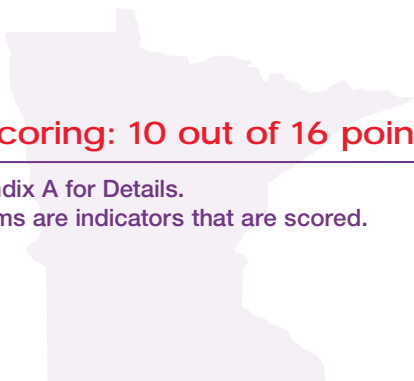
- The mortality rates of cervical cancer by race are not available for Minnesota.

Healthcare Access & Utilization

- 84.2% of women reported being screened for cervical cancer in the past 3 years.
- Minnesota Medicaid offers coverage of HPV testing without restriction.
- Minnesota mandates that health insurers allow women access to OB/GYNs without a referral from their primary care provider (PCP), but does not mandate that insurers allow OB/GYNs to be designated as a woman's PCP.

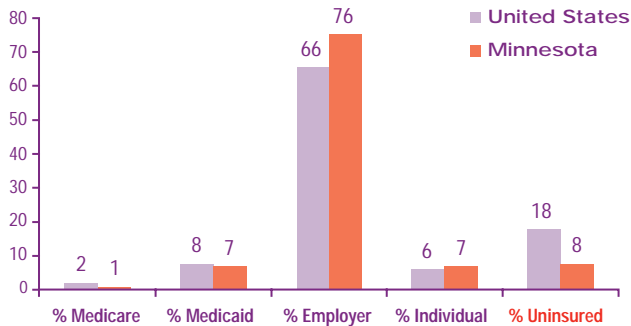
Total Scoring: 10 out of 16 points (63%)

See Appendix A for Details.
 Bolded items are indicators that are scored.

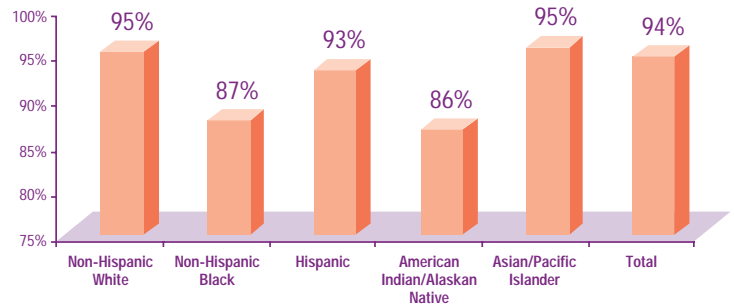


Minnesota

Health Insurance Coverage of Women, Ages 18-64



% Covered by Health Insurance, By Race



Policy Initiatives & Infrastructure

- **Coverage mandates for cervical cancer screening**
 - Minnesota does not have legislation in place mandating cervical cancer screening coverage for Pap testing.
- **Task force/commissions for cervical cancer prevention**
 - Minnesota does not have legislation in place for a Cervical Cancer Elimination Task Force.
- **Miscellaneous support of cervical cancer prevention**
 - Minnesota does not have any other legislation in place for cervical cancer prevention.

Data Collection and Tracking

- There is no tracking data for Minnesota.

Statewide Prevention Programs

- The Sage Screening Program is a statewide comprehensive breast and cervical cancer screening program whose primary objective is to increase the proportion of age-appropriate women who are screened by providing free screening and follow-up services to uninsured and underinsured women; reaching out to women who may not have regular healthcare providers; educating the public about the importance of screening; raising awareness among health professionals; and developing statewide partnerships to promote screening. Funding for the program includes approximately \$3.6 million from CDC and \$1.2 million from the State of Minnesota.